

United States Price Indexes

May 2006

	Relative <u>Importance*</u>	Index <u>May 2006</u>	<u>Percentage change from:</u>	
			<u>12 months ago</u>	<u>Prior month#</u>
CONSUMER PRICES: (1982-84=100)				
All Items (CPI-U)1	100.000	202.5	4.2	0.4
Food and Beverages	15.719	194.7	1.9	0.2
Food at Home	8.648	191.9	0.8	-0.1
Housing	40.873	202.2	4.0	0.3
Rent of Primary Residence	6.421	223.6	3.3	0.3
Fuels and Utilities	4.511	192.0	11.8	-0.3
Medical Care	5.810	335.6	4.2	0.3
Apparel	4.399	122.4	0.0	0.2
Transportation	17.055	187.6	9.0	1.5
Gasoline	2.536	249.8	33.4	4.9
Energy3	6.218	209.3	23.6	2.4
All Items (CPI-W)2	-	198.2	4.3	0.5
PRODUCER PRICES: (1982=100)				
All Commodities	-	165.3	7.1	
Finished Goods	-	161.2	4.5	0.2
Intermediate Materials	-	164.4	8.9	1.1
Crude Materials	-	185.2	8.6	2.0
EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX (Dec 2005 = 100)				
		<u>Mar. 2006</u>	<u>12 months ago</u>	<u>3 months ago#</u>
Civilian Workers				
Total Compensation	-	100.7	2.9	0.6
Wages & Salaries	-	100.7	2.6	0.7
Benefits	-	100.8	3.4	0.5

1 Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers

2 Consumer Price Index - Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers

3 Energy is a special group index consisting of prices paid for the following: fuel oil, bottled gas, electricity, gasoline, and motor oil and coolant.

It is not one of the components of the "All Items" as its subcomponents are already included.

* December 2002 # Seasonally adjusted

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Table compiled by Utah DWS, Workforce Information.